

ASIA GROWTH STRATEGIES



FUND FACTS

| | Investor Class | Institutional Class |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Ticker | MAPTX | MIPTX |
| CUSIP | 577130107 | 577130834 |
| Inception | 09/12/94 | 10/29/10 |
| NAV | \$17.68 | \$17.67 |
| Initial Investment | \$2,500 | \$100,000 |
| Gross Expense Ratio | 1.12% | 0.99% |

Portfolio Statistics

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Net Assets | \$817.7 million |
| Portfolio Turnover | 14.8% ¹ |

Benchmark

MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Index²

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT*

| | |
|--|--|
| Sean Taylor Lead Manager | Inbok Song Lead Manager |
| Andrew Mattock, CFA Lead Manager | Winnie Chwang Co-Manager |
| Peeyush Mittal, CFA Co-Manager | Jeremy Sutch, CFA Co-Manager |

*Effective as of March 4, 2025

INVESTMENT APPROACH

Matthews Asia believes in the long-term growth of Asia, one of the world's fastest-growing regions. Since 1991, we have focused our efforts and expertise in these countries, investing through a variety of market environments. Matthews Asia is the largest dedicated Asia-only investment specialist in the United States. With \$6.9 billion in assets under management as of December 31, 2024 Matthews Asia employs a bottom-up, fundamental investment philosophy with a focus on long-term investment performance.

Portfolio characteristics for the Fund may vary from time to time from what is shown. It should not be assumed that any investment in the securities listed was or will be profitable.

You should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Matthews Asia Funds before making an investment decision. A prospectus or summary prospectus with this and other information about the Funds may be obtained by visiting matthewsasias.com. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Matthews Pacific Tiger Fund

December 31, 2024

Investment Objective

Long-term capital appreciation

Strategy

Under normal market conditions, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its net assets, which include borrowings for investment purposes, in the common and preferred stocks of companies located in Asia ex Japan, which consists of all countries and markets in Asia excluding Japan, but including all other developed, emerging and frontier countries and markets in the Asian region.

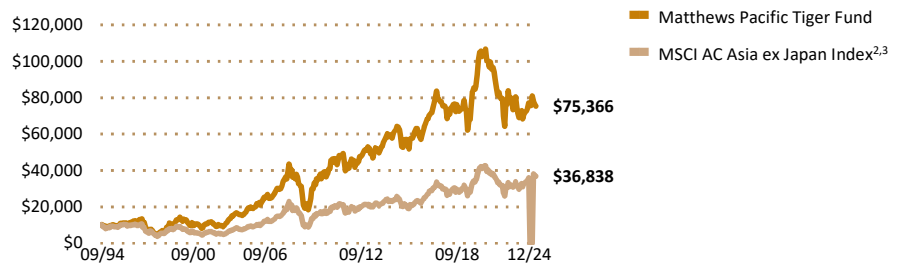
Risks

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Investing in international and emerging markets may involve additional risks, such as social and political instability, market illiquidity, exchange-rate fluctuations, a high level of volatility and limited regulation. These and other risks associated with investing in the Fund can be found in the prospectus.

PERFORMANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

| | Average Annual Total Returns | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | 3 Months | YTD | 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years | 10 Years | Since Inception | Since Inception |
| Investor Class | -6.98% | 3.41% | 3.41% | -7.96% | -0.81% | 2.69% | 6.89% | 09/12/94 |
| Institutional Class | -6.90% | 3.56% | 3.56% | -7.83% | -0.68% | 2.84% | 3.67% | 10/29/10 |
| MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index | -7.41% | 12.51% | 12.51% | -1.19% | 2.93% | 4.88% | 4.39% ³ | n.a. |

GROWTH OF A HYPOTHETICAL \$10,000 INVESTMENT SINCE INCEPTION — INVESTOR



The performance data and graph do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on dividends, capital gain distributions or redemption of fund shares. Values are in US\$. Source: BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc.

- 1 The lesser of fiscal year 2023 long-term purchase costs or sales proceeds divided by the average monthly market value of long-term securities.
- 2 The MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Index is a free float—adjusted market capitalization—weighted index of the stock of markets of China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Pakistan, Philippines, Singapore, South Korea, Taiwan and Thailand. Index is for comparative purposes only and it is not possible to invest directly in an index.
- 3 Calculated from 8/31/94.

Performance assumes reinvestment of all dividends and/or distributions before taxes. All performance quoted represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate with market conditions so that when redeemed, shares may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the return figures quoted. Returns would have been lower if certain of the Fund's fees and expenses had not been waived. For the Fund's most recent month-end performance visit matthewsasias.com.

Matthews Pacific Tiger Fund

December 31, 2024

| TOP TEN HOLDINGS ⁴ | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Country | % of Net Assets |
| Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | Taiwan | 11.8% |
| Tencent Holdings, Ltd. | China/Hong Kong | 5.9% |
| DBS Group Holdings, Ltd. | Singapore | 3.2% |
| ICICI Bank, Ltd. | India | 2.7% |
| HDFC Bank, Ltd. | India | 2.6% |
| JD.com, Inc. | China/Hong Kong | 2.4% |
| Ping An Insurance Group Co. of China, Ltd. | China/Hong Kong | 2.1% |
| Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd. | China/Hong Kong | 2.1% |
| Meituan Class B | China/Hong Kong | 2.0% |
| PetroChina Co., Ltd. | China/Hong Kong | 2.0% |
| % OF ASSETS IN TOP TEN | | 36.8% |

| COUNTRY ALLOCATION (%) ⁵ | | | |
|---|------|-----------|------------|
| | Fund | Benchmark | Difference |
| China/Hong Kong | 33.5 | 36.1 | -2.6 |
| Taiwan | 24.4 | 22.1 | 2.3 |
| India | 18.9 | 21.9 | -3.0 |
| South Korea | 7.9 | 10.2 | -2.3 |
| Singapore | 5.0 | 3.9 | 1.1 |
| Vietnam | 2.8 | 0.0 | 2.8 |
| Malaysia | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.0 |
| Indonesia | 1.8 | 1.7 | 0.1 |
| Thailand | 1.3 | 1.6 | -0.3 |
| Philippines | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| Macau | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 |

Not all countries are included in the benchmark index.
Source: FactSet Research Systems

| MARKET CAP EXPOSURE (%) ^{5,6} | | | |
|---|------|-----------|------------|
| | Fund | Benchmark | Difference |
| Mega Cap (over \$25B) | 66.7 | 63.5 | 3.2 |
| Large Cap (\$10B-\$25B) | 19.3 | 20.5 | -1.2 |
| Mid Cap (\$3B-\$10B) | 12.1 | 15.5 | -3.4 |
| Small Cap (under \$3B) | 1.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 |

Source: FactSet Research Systems

| SECTOR ALLOCATION (%) ⁵ | | | |
|---|------|-----------|------------|
| | Fund | Benchmark | Difference |
| Information Technology | 29.1 | 27.2 | 1.9 |
| Financials | 24.3 | 22.0 | 2.3 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 17.5 | 14.0 | 3.5 |
| Communication Services | 9.8 | 10.2 | -0.4 |
| Industrials | 7.1 | 7.4 | -0.3 |
| Health Care | 3.4 | 3.5 | -0.1 |
| Real Estate | 3.0 | 2.2 | 0.8 |
| Energy | 2.0 | 3.2 | -1.2 |
| Utilities | 1.5 | 2.7 | -1.2 |
| Consumer Staples | 1.0 | 3.9 | -2.9 |
| Materials | 1.0 | 3.7 | -2.7 |
| Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 |

Sector data based on MSCI's revised Global Industry Classification Standards. For more details, visit www.msci.com.

Source: FactSet Research Systems

| PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS | | |
|--|---------|-----------|
| | Fund | Benchmark |
| Number of Positions | 76 | 1,054 |
| Weighted Avg. Market Cap (in billions) | \$186.8 | \$180.4 |
| Active Share ⁷ | 59.0 | n.a. |
| P/E Using FY1 Estimates ⁸ | 14.7x | 13.8x |
| P/E Using FY2 Estimates ⁸ | 13.2x | 12.6x |
| Price/Cash Flow ⁹ | 11.2 | 9.2 |
| Price/Book ¹⁰ | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| Return on Equity ¹¹ | 16.5 | 15.4 |
| EPS Growth (3 Years) ¹² | 17.2% | 12.8% |

Source: FactSet Research Systems

Investing in emerging and frontier securities involves greater risks than investing in securities of developed markets, as issuers in these countries generally disclose less financial and other information publicly or restrict access to certain information from review by non-domestic authorities. Emerging and frontier markets tend to have less stringent and less uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, limited regulatory or governmental oversight, and limited investor protection or rights to take action against issuers, resulting in potential material risks to investors. Investing in small- and mid-size companies is more risky than investing in larger companies as they may be more volatile and less liquid than large companies. In addition, single-country funds may be subject to a higher degree of market risk than diversified funds because of concentration in a specific industry, sector or geographic location. Pandemics and other public health emergencies can result in market volatility and disruption.

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⁴ Holdings may combine more than one security from the same issuer and related depository receipts.

⁵ Percentage values in data are rounded to the nearest tenth of one percent; the values may not sum to 100% due to rounding. Percentage values may be derived from different data sources and may not be consistent with other Fund literature.

⁶ Equity market cap of issuer.

⁷ Active Share is calculated by taking the absolute value of the difference between portfolio holdings and benchmark weights, summing all of these differences, and dividing by two. The calculation will result in an active share number between 0%, which indicates the portfolio perfectly replicates the benchmark, and 100%, which indicates there is no overlap whatsoever between the portfolio and the index. Active Share was calculated including cash held in the Fund.

⁸ The P/E Ratio is the share price of a stock as of the report date, divided by the forecasted earnings per share for a 12-month period (FY1) or a 24-month period (FY2). For the Fund, this is the weighted harmonic average estimated P/E ratio of all the underlying stocks in the Fund, excluding negative earners. There is no guarantee that the composition of the Fund will remain unchanged, or that forecasted earnings of a stock will be realized. Information provided is for illustrative purposes only.

⁹ A measure of the market's expectations of a firm's future financial health. Because this measure deals with cash flow, the effects of depreciation and other non-cash factors are removed. Similar to price/earnings ratio, this measure provides an indication of relative value.

¹⁰ Price-to-Book Ratio (P/B Ratio) is used to compare a stock's market value to its book value. It is calculated by dividing the current closing price of the stock by the latest quarter's book value per share. A lower P/B ratio could mean that the stock is undervalued.

¹¹ Return on Equity (ROE) is the amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much profit a company generates with the money shareholders have invested, and is calculated as net income divided by shareholder's equity.

¹² Earnings Per Share (EPS) is the amount of annual profit (after tax and all other expenses) attributable to each share in a company. EPS is calculated by dividing profit by the average number of shares in a company. Earnings growth is not a measure of a fund's future performance.



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